

General Assembly

Amendment

February Session, 2008

LCO No. 5446

HB0587705446HD0

Offered by:

REP. LAWLOR, 99th Dist.

To: Subst. House Bill No. 5877

File No. 473

Cal. No. 257

"AN ACT CONCERNING TERMS OF PROBATION."

- After the last section, add the following and renumber sections and internal references accordingly:
- 3 "Sec. 501. Subsection (b) of section 53a-31 of the general statutes, as
- 4 amended by section 36 of public act 08-1 of the January special session,
- 5 is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (Effective
- 6 from passage):
- 7 (b) Issuance of a warrant or notice to appear for violation pursuant
- 8 to section 53a-32 shall interrupt the period of the sentence as of the
- 9 date of such issuance until a final determination as to the violation has
- 10 been made by the court. During the interrupted period, [unless
- otherwise ordered by the court, the defendant shall comply with any
- 12 conditions imposed or with any conditions he or she was previously
- required to comply pursuant to section 53a-30] the court may impose
- 14 any of the conditions of release set forth in section 54-64a. In the
- absence of a warrant or notice to appear for violation pursuant to

section 53a-32, if the defendant has failed to comply with any of the

- conditions of probation or conditional discharge, such failure shall not
- 18 relieve the Court Support Services Division from the responsibility of
- 19 supervising the defendant.

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- Sec. 502. Section 53a-31 of the general statutes, as amended by
- 21 section 36 of public act 08-1 of the January special session and section
- 22 501 of this act, is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu
- 23 thereof (*Effective October 1, 2008*):
- 24 (a) A period of probation or conditional discharge commences on
- 25 the day it is imposed, except that, where it is preceded by a sentence of
- 26 imprisonment with execution suspended after a period of
- 27 imprisonment set by the court, it commences on the day the defendant
- 28 is released from such imprisonment. Multiple periods, whether
- 29 imposed at the same or different times, shall run concurrently.
- 30 (b) Issuance of a warrant or notice to appear for violation pursuant
- 31 to section 53a-32, as amended by this act, shall interrupt the period of
- 32 the sentence as of the date of such issuance until a final determination
- 33 as to the violation has been made by the court. [During the interrupted
- 34 period, the court may impose any of the conditions of release set forth
- in section 54-64a.] In the absence of a warrant or notice to appear for
- 36 violation pursuant to section 53a-32, as amended by this act, if the
- 37 defendant has failed to comply with any of the conditions of probation
- 38 or conditional discharge, such failure shall not relieve the Court
- 39 Support Services Division from the responsibility of supervising the
- 40 defendant.
- 41 (c) Notwithstanding the issuance of a warrant or notice to appear
- 42 for violation pursuant to section 53a-32, as amended by this act, the
- 43 <u>defendant shall continue to comply with the conditions with which the</u>
- 44 defendant was previously required to comply pursuant to section 53a-
- 45 30. The Court Support Services Division shall make reasonable efforts
- 46 to inform the defendant of the defendant's obligation to continue to
- 47 <u>comply with such conditions and to provide the defendant with a copy</u>

48 of such conditions.

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[(c)] (d) In any case where a person who is under a sentence of probation or of conditional discharge is also under an indeterminate sentence of imprisonment, or a sentence authorized under section 18-65a or 18-73, imposed for some other offense by a court of this state, the service of the sentence of imprisonment shall satisfy the sentence of probation or of conditional discharge unless the sentence of probation or of conditional discharge is revoked prior to parole or satisfaction of the sentence of imprisonment.

Sec. 503. Section 53a-32 of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2008*):

(a) At any time during the period of probation or conditional discharge, the court or any judge thereof may issue a warrant for the arrest of a defendant for violation of any of the conditions of probation or conditional discharge, or may issue a notice to appear to answer to a charge of such violation, which notice shall be personally served upon the defendant. Any such warrant shall authorize all officers named therein to return the defendant to the custody of the court or to any suitable detention facility designated by the court. Whenever a defendant has, in the judgment of such defendant's probation officer, violated the conditions of such defendant's probation, the probation officer may, in lieu of having such defendant returned to court for proceedings in accordance with this section, place such defendant in the zero-tolerance drug supervision program established pursuant to section 53a-39d. Whenever a sexual offender, as defined in section 54-260, has violated the conditions of such person's probation by failing to notify such person's probation officer of any change of such person's residence address, as required by said section, such probation officer may notify any police officer that such person has, in such officer's judgment, violated the conditions of such person's probation and such notice shall be sufficient warrant for the police officer to arrest such person and return such person to the custody of the court or to any suitable detention facility designated by the court. Any

probation officer may arrest any defendant on probation without a warrant or may deputize any other officer with power to arrest to do so by giving such other officer a written statement setting forth that the defendant has, in the judgment of the probation officer, violated the conditions of the defendant's probation. Such written statement, delivered with the defendant by the arresting officer to the official in charge of any correctional center or other place of detention, shall be sufficient warrant for the detention of the defendant. After making such an arrest, such probation officer shall present to the detaining authorities a similar statement of the circumstances of violation. Provisions regarding release on bail of persons charged with a crime shall be applicable to any defendant arrested under the provisions of this section. Upon such arrest and detention, the probation officer shall immediately so notify the court or any judge thereof.

(b) When the defendant is presented for arraignment on the charge of violation of any of the conditions of probation or conditional discharge, the court shall review any conditions previously imposed on the defendant and may order, as a condition of the pretrial release of the defendant, that the defendant comply with any or all of such conditions in addition to any conditions imposed pursuant to section 54-64a. Unless the court, pursuant to subsection (c) of section 54-64a, orders that the defendant remain under the supervision of a probation officer or other designated person or organization, the defendant shall be supervised by the Court Support Services Division of the Judicial Branch in accordance with subsection (a) of section 54-63b.

(c) [Thereupon,] <u>Upon notification by the probation officer of the arrest of the defendant</u> or upon an arrest by warrant as herein provided, the court shall cause the defendant to be brought before it without unnecessary delay for a hearing on the violation charges. At such hearing the defendant shall be informed of the manner in which such defendant is alleged to have violated the conditions of such defendant's probation or conditional discharge, shall be advised by the court that such defendant has the right to retain counsel and, if indigent, shall be entitled to the services of the public defender, and

shall have the right to cross-examine witnesses and to present evidence in such defendant's own behalf. <u>Unless good cause is shown, a charge of violation of any of the conditions of probation or conditional discharge shall be disposed of or scheduled for a hearing not later than one hundred twenty days after the defendant is arraigned on such charge.</u>

[(b)] (d) If such violation is established, the court may: (1) Continue the sentence of probation or conditional discharge; (2) modify or enlarge the conditions of probation or conditional discharge; (3) extend the period of probation or conditional discharge, provided the original period with any extensions shall not exceed the periods authorized by section 53a-29; or (4) revoke the sentence of probation or conditional discharge. If such sentence is revoked, the court shall require the defendant to serve the sentence imposed or impose any lesser sentence. Any such lesser sentence may include a term of imprisonment, all or a portion of which may be suspended entirely or after a period set by the court, followed by a period of probation with such conditions as the court may establish. No such revocation shall be ordered, except upon consideration of the whole record and unless such violation is established by the introduction of reliable and probative evidence and by a preponderance of the evidence."